

THE CENTER FOR THE FOR THE FOR THE SAME AND PROSECUTORIAL TOOLS 28 States, 2 Territories, and the Federal Government (31 total) Have HIV Laws Imposing Criminal Penalties

Updated April 2022

LAW	HIV LAWS IMPOSING CRIMINAL PENALTIES (31 total) Each state or territory, in addition to the federal government, that has an HIV-specific misdemeanor or felony law for one or									STI EXPOSURE OR TRANSMISSION LAWS SEX IMPOSING CRIMINAL PENALTIES (28 total) OFFENDE				NOTES
POLICY	more of th specific if appear in	e behaviors it explictly ta criminal cod	below quali irgets HIV, w les. In some	ifies as a state of whether or not it	or territory with an H targets other disea ome or all of these	HV law imposing ises as well. Whe	criminal penalties re not otherwise r	. A law is HIV-				REGISTRATIO	FELONY LAWS	
	EXPOSU	IRE		DONATION	SEX WORK	SENTENCING	CHARGE	VIRAL HEPATITIS	PUBLIC HEA	LTH CODE †	CRIMINAL CODE	Sex Offender Registration May		
JURISDICTION	Sexual Exposure (19 total)	Spit, Bite, Blood Exposure (13 total)	Sharing Exposure	Organ, Tissue, Blood, Semen Donation (18 total)	for Sex Work/Solicitation While Living with HIV (11 total)		Felony and/or Misdemeanor (29 jurisdictions have felonies)*	Hepatitis Also Specifically Included in HIV Laws Imposing Criminal Penalties (10 total)	STI Law with HIV in Public Health Code (2 total)	General STI Law in Public Health Code (21 total)	STI Law in Criminal Code (5 total)	Be Required if Convicted of HIV-Specific Criminal Law (6 total)	Laws Used to Prosecute People Living with HIV (26 total) ‡	
Alabama										Misdemeanor				PLHIV have been prosecuted under a criminal law for "assault with bodily fluids," which carries a felony enhancement if the defendant has any "communicable disease."
Alaska						Yes	Felony							
Arizona										Misdemeanor				
Arkansas	Yes	Yes	Yes				Felony					Yes	Yes	It is also a misdemeanor for PLHIV to receive medical or dental care without disclosing positive status.
California						Yes	Felony			Misdemeanor	Misdemeanor		Yes	
Colorado						Yes	Felony						Yes	
Connecticut														A person housed in a correctional facility may be barred from release based on infection with a venereal disease.
Delaware Ω				Yes			Felony							
District of Columbia														
Florida Ω	Yes			Yes	Yes		Felony			Misdemeanor			Yes	
Georgia	Yes	Yes	Yes ★	Yes	Yes		Felony	Yes					Yes	
Hawaii														
ldaho Ω	Yes	Yes	Yes ★	Yes			Felony			Misdemeanor				While Idaho does not include hepatitis alongside HIV in its exposure law, the state does have a statute indicating it is unlawful for anyone infected with hepatitis B virus (HBV) to "knowingly expose another person." HIV, syphilis, gonorrhea, and chlamydia are also included in this same law. Subsequent code sections specify, first, misdemeanor penalties for syphilis and gonorrhea, and, secondly, felony penalties for HIV. Thus, penalties for HBV are not specified, making it unclear how exactly exposure to HBV is treated under the law.
Illinois						Yes	.							
Indiana Ω	Yes	Yes	Yes ★	Yes		Yes	Felony/ Misdemeanor	Yes					Yes	



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	EXPOSU	EXPOSURE			SEX WORK			VIRAL HEPATITIS	PUBLIC HEALTH CODE		CRIMINAL CODE	Sex Offender Registration May	General Felony	
JURISDICTION	Sexual Exposure (19 total)	Exposure	Needle Sharing Exposure (14 total)	Organ, Tissue, Blood, Semen Donation (18 total)	Specific Offense for Sex Work/Solicitation While Living with HIV (11 total)		Felony and/or Misdemeanor (29 jurisdictions have felonies)*	Hepatitis Also Specifically Included in HIV Laws Imposing Criminal Penalties (10 total)	STI Law with HIV in Public Health Code (2 total)	General STI Law in Public Health Code (21 total)	STI Law in Criminal Code (5 total)	Be Required if Convicted of HIV-Specific Criminal Law (6 total)	Laws Used to Prosecute People Living with HIV (26 total) ‡	
lowa	Yes	1	Yes	Yes			Felony/	Yes		Misdemeanor				Iowa's exposure law criminalizes exposing another to
	103						Misdemeanor							a "contagious or infectious disease," which is defined to include HIV in addition to hepatitis, tuberculosis, and meningococcal disease. Therefore, Iowa's law is HIV-specific, although its application is not limited to HIV.
Kansas											Felony			Kansas's STI felony criminalizes exposing another to a "life-threatening communicable disease" via sex, needle sharing, or blood/organ/semen donation.
Kentucky				Yes	Yes		Felony/ Misdemeanor						Yes	Kentucky has a spit/bite/blood exposure law, which imposes enhanced penalties under certain circumstances if the defendant "has a serious communicable disease." This offense is not HIV- specific.
Louisiana	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			Felony			Infraction, Misdemeanor		Yes	Yes	Louisiana has a broad HIV exposure statute that, in addition to targeting sexual exposure specifically, targets exposure "through any means or contact," though certain defenses are enumerated.
Maine			N	N										
Maryland Ω	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			Misdemeanor			Misdemeanor			Yes	Maryland has a broad HIV exposure law that can be applied to any type of HIV exposure.
Massachusetts													Yes	Massachusetts has a broad STI sentence enhancement law, but this is not HIV-specific.
Michigan Ω	Yes			Yes			Felony						Yes	Michigan has a broad sentence enhancement law, which has been used to impose greater penalties in sexual assault cases in which STI transmission occurred.
Minnesota											Felony			
Mississippi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			Felony/ Misdemeanor	Yes						Mississippi has a broad HIV exposure law that can be applied to any sort of exposure.
Missouri Ω					Yes		Felony							
Montana									Misdemeanor				Yes	
Nebraska		Yes					Felony	Yes						



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Nevada										Misdemeanor				
New Hampshire													Yes	
New Jersey													Yes	Although the law eliminates specific reference to HIV and other communicable infections, it still allows for prosecutions to continue under New Jersey's statute that criminalizes endagering another person. The Senate Committee that accompanied the bill in fact explicitly stated that prosecutions involving the transmission of infectious diseases can still proceed under the endangerment statute.
New Mexico														
New York										Misdemeanor			Yes	
North Carolina Ω	Yes		Yes ★	Yes			Misdemeanor	Yes		Misdemeanor			Yes	Although North Carolina's HIV-specific law is a misdemeanor, the punishment is up to two years, which is greater than the maximum for a misdemeanor offense in most states.
North Dakota	Yes		Yes ★				Felony			Infraction				
Ohio	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes		Felony	Yes		Misdemeanor		Yes	Yes	
Oklahoma	Yes	Yes			Yes		Felony				Felony		Yes	
Oregon										Felony			Yes	
Pennsylvania		Yes			Yes		Felony	Yes		Misdemeanor			Yes	The HIV-specific law criminalizing spit/bite/blood exposure targets people who are incarcerated.
Rhode Island South Carolina Ω	Yes		Yes ★	Yes	Yes		Felony		Misdemeanor				Yes	South Carolina does not include viral hepatitis in its HIV exposure law, which is HIV-exclusive. The state's STI law, however, specifically names hepatitis B and C, in addition to HIV.
South Dakota	Yes	Yes	Yes ★	Yes			Felony			Misdemeanor		Yes		
Tennessee	Yes		Yes ★	Yes	Yes	Yes	Felony	Yes		Misdemeanor		Yes §		Tennessee also has an HIV-specific quarantine law.
Texas													Yes	
Utah		Yes			Yes	Yes	Felony	Yes		Misdemeanor				
Vermont										Misdemeanor			Yes	Vermont's STI offense is a misdemeanor under Vermont law, but the punishment is up to two years.



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Virginia											Felony		Yes	
Washington Ω	Yes						Felony, Misdemeanor					Yes		Washington's misdemeanor exposure statute appears in the health code and does not require sex offender registration (SOR). The criminal first-degree assault statute, however, imposes felony penalties for transmitting HIV to a child or vulnerable adult. Only this offense requires SOR.
West Virginia										Misdemeanor				West Virginia's general STI law imposes a maximum penalty of \$100 and 30 days imprisonment for exposing another to a venereal disease, without specifically naming any STIs. However, West Virginia's STD Program monitors both HIV and hepatitis B virus (HBV), among other STIs, and this offers some indication that exposing others to either HIV or HBV could be punished under the law.
Wisconsin						Yes	Felony			Misdemeanor			Yes	Wisconsin's aggravating factors statute includes HIV by name as well as "sexually transmitted disease."
Wyoming														
American Samoa														
Guam					Yes		Felony							
Northern Mariana Islands														
Puerto Rico														
U.S. Virgin Islands	Yes		Yes ★	Yes			Felony							Cohabiting with another while knowingly "afflicted with venereal disease" carries a punishment of up to 180 days imprisonment under the health code.
Federal Law, including U.S. Military				Yes			Felony						Yes	
TOTALS	19	13	14	18	11	8	31	10	2	21	5	6	26	

* Where a state's only HIV-specific law imposing criminal penalties is a sentence enhancement or aggravating factor for a sex offense, a felony designation here simply denotes that the enhancement pertains to a felony.

† The only laws included in these columns are those under public health codes that impose criminal punishment for exposure or transmission of STIs including HIV or STIs in general (not laws that impose other measures for HIV or STIs, or laws that impose criminal punishment for not following health orders). These laws are predominantly misdemeanors. Oregon's law is a class C felony.

‡ The only states included here are those where there have been reported charges and/or convictions for non-HIV-specific offenses, where positive HIV status was relevant in establishing a (non-HIV-specific) element of the offense.

§ In Tennessee, a person living with hepatitis B or C virus convicted of criminal exposure (via sexual, needle sharing, or organ/tissue/blood/semen donation exposure) is required to register as a sex offender. People living with HIV are required to register for this offense as well, and they are also required to register if convicted of aggravated prostitution (Tennessee's HIV-specific sex work law).

* These jurisdictions have provisions specifically criminalizing syringe sharing or sale by PLHIV, most of which impose felony penalties. This is in contrast to states with HIV-specific laws that do not explicitly target this type of exposure, but contain language that can be (and in some cases has been) applied to syringe sharing or sale.